## $ilde{ extstyle extstyl$

1 How many pieces of plastic does the average person in the UK throw away each year?

**A:** 700

**B:** 4,000

**C:** 6,000

**Answer: B.** The average person throws out over 4,000 pieces of plastic a year. That's so much plastic isn't it? If we piled up all the plastic from everyone in the UK, it would create a plastic mountain as high as Snowdon, the highest mountain in Wales.

2 So, how many times do you think all that plastic would fill Wembley Stadium?

A: 3 times

B: 8 times

C: 23 times

**Answer: C.** It's enough plastic to fill Wembley Stadium 23 times.

3 How many times would it fill The Royal Albert Hall in London?

A: 20 times

**B:** 450 times

**C:** 1,000 times

**Answer: C.** It's enough plastic to fill the Royal Albert Hall 1.000 times.

What percentage of plastic is recycled globally?

**A:** 51%

**B:** 27%

**C:** 9%

**Answer: C.** Only 9% of plastic around the world is recycled, leaving 91% being sent to landfill, illegally burned, incinerated, or polluted in the environment.

Waste disposal globally contributes to what percentage of carbon emissions?

**A:** 1%

**B:** 3%

**C:** 5%

**Answer: C.** Waste disposal globally contributes to 5% of global emissions. This number includes the emissions from recycling, landfills, incineration, burning waste, and pollution in the environment.

What percentage of extreme weather events were influenced by humans in the last 20 years?

**A:** 41%

**B:** 68%

**C:** 76%

**Answer: B.** Human activity has led to 68% of all extreme weather events in the last 20 years. The number of these events has more than doubled since 2000. This includes floods, heavy rainfall, droughts, wildfires and heatwaves.

What is the biggest source of greenhouse gas emissions?

A: Transport

- **B:** Home and business emissions (heating, cooking, waste management etc)
- C: Power generation (electricity)

**Answer: C.** Power generation is the biggest source of greenhouse gas emissions in the world. In Europe, energy industries contribute 26.9% of all greenhouse gas emissions. Transport accounts for 24.3% and home and businesses make up 14.9% of all emissions.

In 2018, the IPCC (Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change) reported that a global temperature rise could lead to irreversible consequences for the climate. How many degrees did they say we must stay under to avoid this?

**A:** 1.5°C

**B:** 3°C

**C:** 6°C

**Answer: A.** The IPCC have warned that a global temperature rise of just 1.5°C could lead to irreversible environmental impacts. Although it seems like a small number, it can nevertheless have a huge impact. We're currently on course for a 3°C temperature rise, so staying below 1.5°C will require fast changes to how we live both individually and collectively.

